PRIMARY SCHOOL ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

mamaghana.org

Kofi anó Aówoa

A Water Sachet's Journey of Discovery.





1000

Acknowledgements

These people helped support the book:

CHIEFS

Chief of Oblogo	Accra
Chief of Jamestown	Accra

PERSONS

Becklyn Christian-Ulzen	Accra
Jutta Lehmann-Kranenburg	Billerbeck
Bismark Asiedu	Accra
Samuel Kofi Mensah	Accra
Francis Sam	Takoradi

DIPLOMA

Prof. Jay Rutherford	Weimar
M. Sc. Sokesimbone Ncube	Dresden
B. Sc. Udo Nauber	Weimar

DESIGN / ILLUSTRATIONS

Stefan Trebbin

SAVING RESOURCES

The inlay pages contain of 90% renewable bamboo fibres and 10% used rags. *No trees were felt.* The cover page is made of recycled cardboard. Renewable flax fibres bind the booklet together. All colours are made of environmental inks. **Finally, this booklet is completely compostable.**

Printed and bound in Ghana.

SCHOOLS

Waterschool Kokrobite	Langma
St. Barnabas Anglican School	Accra-Osu
Official Environmental School	
"Umweltschule"	Bramsche

AUTHORITIES

Ministry of Local Government	
and Rural Development	Accra
Accra Metropolitan Assembly	Accra
Ga Mashie Ministry of Tourism	Accra

NGO's AND COMPANIES

Initiatives of Sustainable	
Development International, ISDI	Accra
Pathfinders Outreach Ministry, POM	Accra
Zoomlion Ltd.	Accra

UNIVERSITY

Bauhaus-Universität	Weimar
Chair of Waste Management	
Chair of Visual Communications	

School is finally over.

Kofi and Adwoa are two pupils at the primary school.

They like playing football and they like to compete with each other.

Last time Kofi and his friends won the football game.

Now Adwoa asks for a challenge.

Two teams are easily formed: Boys against Girls!

Chapter 1 Playing Football



1 Organise a football match with your class after school.



ORIGINS OF FOOTBALL

Chinese people probably invented an early form of football in 2000 BC.



0

FIRST CLUB

FC Sheffield was the first official football club in the world. It was founded in 1857.



AFRICA CUP OF NATIONS

Ghana was the hostcountry in 2008. Ghana has won the Cup three times.



Anó łhe winner is ...

- ... Adwoa and her girls team!
 - But it was a close run and all played with total commitment.
 - Kofi has to cope with the defeat.
 - Adwoa suggests a dare for tomorrow.
 - Kofi accepts.
 - After the match they are thirsty and go their own way.

Chapter 2 Why are you thirsty?

ACTIVITIES

- Write down all the things you drink in one day.
- 2 Count the amounts of water and compare them in your class.



DID YOU KNOW ...

- ... that water is the pre-condition of life?
- ... that your body consists of 70% water?



SWEATING

It's important to cool your body. While sweating, your body looses water, which you have to balance by drinking.



DAILY AMOUNT

Water is the best way to quench your thirst. It's healthy to drink about 3 litres per day.



Let's take some Ice Pure Water.

Kofi and Adwoa see a Pure Water seller and they decide to buy two sachets.

Adwoa wants to comfort Kofi for his defeat.

She buys the water for him.

Both open the sachet with their teeth.

They enjoy the ice-cold refreshment on their way home.



Chapter 3 Sources of water

QUESTIONS

- 1 Can you drink any water?
- 2 What else can you do with the help of water?

ACTIVITIES

1 Calculate how many Pure Waters a football team needs when they are thirsty.













Throwing away the sachet.

After some minutes they finish drinking their sachets. While they talk, Adwoa throws her empty sachet in the gutter. Kofi asks her: 'Why did you do that?' Adwoa replies: 'Because the rain will flush it away!' But Kofi has a bad feeling about it. He doesn't agree with her and keeps his sachet in his hand.



Chapter 4

- ... that every person in Accra produces nearly 1kg waste a day? ... that the total daily
 - waste of Accra is the amount of 90 fully loaded trucks?



The quantity of waste

DID YOU KNOW ...

ACTIVITIES

- 1 Find places where lots of waste accumulates.
- 2 Talk about your role of being responsible for pollution.



Disposal in a tricycle.

Just one junction later Kofi discovers a tricycle. He throws his sachet into the bin. There is already a lot of other waste inside. Now Adwoa has to say goodbye to Kofi. She lives here, and Kofi's home is only a few streets away. Tomorrow morning they will meet again at school.



1 Find out how the waste is collected at your school. 2 Talk about your disposal opportunities



DID YOU KNOW ...

... that tricycles are used in areas with dirt roads? ... that street names are necessary to retrieve waste bins?





Let's get back to the gutter.

Only a few days later, something happens with the clean gutter.

Many people like Adwoa have disposed of their waste into the gutter.

Now their is plenty of refuse in it. Even a slop of dirty water

has formed.

Adwoa's Pure Water sachet has crumbled and it is blocking the grate with other refuse.

It's interesting for rats who inspect the gutter. Chapter 6 Inspecting the gutter

ACTIVITIES

- 1 Talk about the picture.
- 2 Explain the purpose and function of a gutter.
- **3** Find things that don't belong in a gutter.

EXPERIMENT

To discover how mosquitoes develop, you can try the following experiment. Ask your teacher!

- 1 Find a jar with a cap.
- 2 Fill the jar halfway up with water.
- **3** Collect some mosquito larvae. You can find them on the water

surface of rain barrels, puddles and other stagnant bodies of water.

- **4** Put the larvae in the jar
- 5 Observe the jar every day and see how the larvae develop into mosquitoes.



and close the cap. 🔍 🏹



Inspecting the gutter Water

Inspecting the gutter Types of waste





Plastic

Plastic waste can't be decomposed. However it's a valuable resource. It blocks gutters.

Paper can be recycled

>> FLOODING

>> FLOODING

Surface Water

It comes from the rain and belongs in the gutter. The gutter drains streets and prevents them from flooding.

Water Cycle Rain is part of the water cycle.

Talk about the picture in your class.

614



Paper and cardboard

to create new books.

They block gutters, too.

Organic waste

Organic waste can be completely composted and become fertile soil. It's food for vermin.

>> ODOURS >> VERMIN

Inspecting the gutter Carriers of disease

Inspecting the gutter Invisible dangers





Mosquitos

Waste creates small puddles of water which are an ideal breeding ground for mosquitoes.

Rats and Mice

Organic waste like banana peels or rest of fish are a foodresource for rats.

Cockroaches

Vermin and cockroaches love any kind of disposed organic food. They carry many diseases.



Bacteria

Bacteria are microscopic and appear everywhere. Some of them cause serious diseases.

in water. Chemicals

» MALARIA » YELLOW FEVER » TYPHUS >> CHOLERA >> PLAGUE

>> TUBERCULOSIS >> HEPATITIS B » CHOLERA

» CHOLERA >> TYPHUS

>> CANCER >> POISONING



Chemicals

- They are often dissolved
- can emerge from old
- batteries or detergents.

Parasites

Parasites are small creatures that live on humans and multiply inside your body.

» WORMS

A wałer-slióe journey.

After a short but heavy rainfall, Adwoa's pure water breaks free and slips through the grate.

It travels from one gutter to another, and ist dimensions become bigger and bigger. The amount of other waste increases immeasurably. Now the sachet arrives at a big channel and it's time to rest.

Chapter 7 Drainage in Accra

ACTIVITIES

1 Trace the route of a gutter. Follow the way the water tends to flow.



HOW DOES A DRAIN WORK?

Imagine a Baobabtree.

The roots represent the small gutters in every street.

They collect the surface water.

All of them merge into bigger gutters

Some days later at the Stream.

The Pure Water slowly arrives at the stream on the Agbogbloshie market side.

Here you can find isles of waste floating on the water's surface.

The water has turned pitchblack and smells horrible.

At the riverside, the waste piles up in layers.

In the past it was a beautiful place with clean water and fish.

Chapter 8 Stream at Agbogbloshie

WATERING PLANTS

Poluted water will be absorbed by plants. When you eat them, the poison slowly contaminates your body.



ACTIVITIES

- 1 Talk about the picture.
- 2 Do you know where Agbogbloshie is ?
- **3** Talk about electronic waste

BURNING WASTE

Burning waste is highly dangerous! It produces toxic gases and contaminates the soil



FRESHWATER CREATURES

Fish and other animals in the stream need clean water to survive.



DID YOU KNOW ...

- ... that boiling kills bacteria and viruses?
- ... that boiling can't kill toxins and heavy metals?



Cattle are thirsty, too.

Especially when the sun is burning on their backs. The only chance to drink is to swallow polluted water. Poisons and parasites will enter their bodies and concentrate in the muscles and organs. When you eat the meat of these

animals, you can become seriously ill.

Chapter 9 Animals



The Pure Water reaches the sea.

The waves roll the sachets into the sea.

Some of the plastic materials are stranded on the coastline. Fishermen have to walk over large amounts of plastic waste before they can get in the sea. Playing football on the beach or going swimming is quite impossible.

Chapter 10 Waste in the sea



Put different types of waste in a large glass of water and see what happens.



DISSOLVING

In the sea, plastics dissolve very slowly. Waves, saltwater and sunrays break up the plastics into small pieces, which contain toxins.









Fisherman 'Kwakpwo'

Kwakpwo is a hard-working fisherman who lives in Jamestown.

He says: 'In the last few years fishing has become more difficult. It's hard to catch enough fish, because I'm fishing more plastic than seafood.

Clearing the fishing-nets of plastic waste consumes a lot of my time.'

Chapter 11 Foodresource: Sea

ACTIVITIES

- 1 Write down some marine creatures you know.
- 2 What kind of seafood do you like?





DID YOU KNOW...

- ... that Ghana is one of the leading African exporteurs of fish?
- ... that tuna is the most exported fish in Ghana?



Meeting at the beach.

The whole beach is covered with waste.

This waste wasn't deposited by the people who live here.

Large waves have washed the plastic waste ashore.

This weekend Kofi and Adwoa are playing in a fishing boat. *Kofi asks Adwoa:* 'Isn't it curious that some of the sachets could be yours?'

Chapter 12 The beach

WEARING SHOES

The waste on the beach contains sharp-edged objects. Pieces of broken glass or sharp pins can cut your feet.





Buł whał abouł Kofi's sacheł?

Proper disposal of waste.

The tricycle transports Kofi's sachet to a central waste container.

When the container is full, a truck carries the waste to a huge landfill.

This place is a staging area for waste. Interesting vehicles can be found there.

The whole place is a restricted area.

Some poeple are collecting valuable things.

Chapter 13 At the landfill



Sorting and seperating.

This is the recycling sector at the landfill in Oblogo. Women sort collected plastics by colour and type. All of these waste materials will later become new products.

Chapter 14 Plastic recycling

HOW TO DEAL WITH WASTE

1 Reduce

- 2 Reuse
- 3 Recycle

THE RECYCLING PROCESS

- 1 Collection of waste.
- 2 Seperating types and colors.
- **3** Cleaning of dirt and residues.
- 4 Crushing the material into small pieces.
- 5 Manufacturing new products.





Creating new plastic products.

A worker puts the sorted plastics into a big shredder.

This machine produces small pieces of plastic, which are called pellets.

They are very valuable and will be sold in bags to plastic manufacturers.

A lot of new things can be reproduced several times.







Kofi anó Aówoa's review.

Adwoa is stunned by the dramatic effects of how the environment becomes polluted.

She wants to change something.

For this reason, she meets up with Kofi and her other friends.

Together they compose a song to convince other people of the need for a cleaner environment.

They want to change their attitudes.



Let's sing their song!

CHORUS

Plastic waste can't be decomposed Find a better way for us to dispose Burning recycling must be imposed For the betterment of the town this song we've composed.



GA VERSE	ENG
atswa wo adafi bei kone eho	Whe
keji ole le no etswaa	Pamp
ole,nye fiea klalo	Allov
keha fale fale feemo	Make
ke fon ne wo fieo waa	Let's
eke helai pii baa	Liste
öle keji keji nye le	Be a
ni muji muji yaba	And
ni eba hawo tontoro	Gate
ni eba eba hi shi	Clea
ni eba ha wo atredee	Why
ni mobo eya naa wo	Кеер
ni wo ya naa tsamo	We
onuu jeme fee, mantse lilone	Expe
chuckidigidey	
yoomo etso aye.	
	atswa wo adafi bei kone eho keji ole le no etswaa ole,nye fiea klalo keha fale fale feemo ke fon ne wo fieo waa eke helai pii baa öle keji keji nye le ni muji muji yaba ni eba hawo tontoro ni eba eba hi shi ni eba ha wo atredee ni mobo eya naa wo ni wo ya naa tsamo onuu jeme fee, mantse lilone chuckidigidey

GLISH VERSE

nen i look around all i see is borla borla npas pure water and black rubber rubber over my country is chaka chaka ke a ghetto youth everytime barsa barsa prevent than we cure to make it nicer nicer en mama papa brother sister sister ı watchman over your neighbor neigbour let's live on earth healthy teway to africa mama ghana aniness next to godliness mama ghana y then choke the gutters oh my sister ep well da plastic oh mama ghana e can export to china for income periment this and tell us da income